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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
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| 10/653,653 | 09/02/2003 | Michael Kandler | S&ZIO030801 | S&ZIO030801 3425 | |
| 7590 04/19/2006 LERNER AND GREENBERG, P.A. | | | EXAMINER | | |
| | | | ALLEN, ANDRE J | | |
| POST OFFICE BOX 2480 HOLLYWOOD, FL 33022-2480 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| | -, | | . 2855 | | |
| | | | DATE MAILED: 04/19/200 | DATE MAILED: 04/19/2006 | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | |
| | 10/653,653 | KANDLER, MICHAEL | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | |
| | Andre J. Allen | 2855 | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | pears on the cover sheet with the o | correspondence address | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed I the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | |
| Status | | | |
| 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 F</u> 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under E | s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-11 and 13 is/are pending in the apprending of the above claim(s) is/are withdrays 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-4,6,7,9-11 and 13 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 5,8 and 13 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or are subjected to by the Examine 10) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct | wn from consideration. or election requirement. er. eepted or b) □ objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). | ı |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | | | • |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list | ts have been received. Is have been received in Applicat wity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | ion No ed in this National Stage | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other: | | ø |

Art Unit: 2855

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1,2,6-7,10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adderton et al (US 2002/0092364) in view of Bankart et al (US 6609419).

Art Unit: 2855

Regarding claims 1 and 11, Adderton et al teaches at least one sensor element (fig. 10) that is at least partially surrounded by a housing (110) wherein the housing of the module 116 is flexible (tire) 10, and a transmission means 131 for wireless data transmission. Adderton however, does not disclose the transmission means is integrated in the module. Bankart et al teaches a transmission means located in a tire that is integrated in a module (col. 35 lines 25-30). It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art of tire pressure system at the time the invention was made to modify the transmission means taught by Adderton et al with a transmission means integrated in a module as taught by Bankart et al for the purpose of easy/ low cost manufacture and modulating a current digitally between respective low and high values in accordance with the detected changes in the effective value (Bankart et al col. 35 lines 39-42).

Regarding claim 2 Adderton et al teaches the transmission means contains an antenna 132 [0087] and/or an induction coil.

Regarding claim 6 Adderton et al teaches the flexible housing is designed so that it may be vulcanized into a rubber tire [0075].

Art Unit: 2855

Regarding claim 7 Adderton et al teaches the flexible housing is adapted to the geometry of a receiving unit [0095].

Regarding claim 10 Adderton et al teaches a gel is introduced between the flexible cover and the pressure sensor [0072].

Claims 3,4 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adderton et al (US 2002/0092364) in view of Bankart et al (US 6609419) as applied to claims 1,2,6-7,10 and 11 above and further in view of Konchin et al (US 2003/012966).

Regarding claims 3,4 and 9, Adderton et al teaches all the basic features of the claimed invention except an inductively and/or electromagnetically coupled or operated sensor. Konchin et al teaches an inductively and/or electromagnetically coupled or operated sensor [0136]. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art of tire monitoring sensors at the time the invention was made to modify the structures Adderton et al in view of Bankart et al to contain an inductively and/or electromagnetically coupling as taught by Konchin et al for the purpose of providing a passive circuit that requires no power source and therefore is both less expensive to operate and has a longer useful life than conventional tire pressure monitoring systems Konchin et al [0008].

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 5,8 and 13 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The cited prior art does not disclose nor suggest at least two flexible foils: a first one of the flexible foils support a the at least one sensor element and a second one of the flexible foil overlaps the first one of the flexible foils and supports the transmission means and memory element configured to store specific data that is not data sensed by the sensor element.

Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-11 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andre J. Allen

whose telephone number is 571-272-2174. The examiner can normally be reached on mon-fri 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz can be reached on 571-272-2180. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

André Allen

Patent Examiner

Art Unit 2855